

# Approaches to analysis:

## *analyzing non-scientific stakeholders*



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# Assumptions

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- Non-scientific, mainly decision makers (mainly political-democratic)
- Strong science-policy interaction is needed to solve SES problems
- New problems arise when Science-policy happens
- Theoretical analysis from experience (*interviews, focus groups, evidence from direct experience*)
- Direct our research towards solving science-policy interaction problems

# Levels of cooperation

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- Level of interest-incentives guided, win-win should be achieved (aventuras y desventuras)

## Possible cooperation:

- ☹ Science does not care for decision making (or viceversa) *“not that bad either...”*
- 😊 Science informs “better” decision making (long term - research)
- 😊 Decision has being made /is almost completely done, science as evidence to support/confirmation (informed democracies) (short term-consultancy)
- ☹ Decision contradicts science (or viceversa) *“not that bad either...”*

# Non-Stakeholders integration

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- Non-scientific skilled in negotiation and empathy (network builders / persuasion)
- Communication with broad network of stakeholders
- Ensuring needs, values and complexities

# Rationalities

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- Non-scientific relate to values and feelings
- Scientific relate to data and evidence

# Timing

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- Decision-making (short term – urgent)
- Science (mid term – long term)